1	KINDERGARTEN AGE EXCEPTION AMENDMENTS
2	2016 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
5	House Sponsor: V. Lowry Snow
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends and enacts provisions related to the kindergarten entry age.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 allows a student to enter kindergarten before the student is five years old, under
13	certain conditions;
14	gives rulemaking authority; and
15	makes technical and conforming changes.
16	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
17	None
18	Other Special Clauses:
19	This bill provides a coordination clause.
20	Utah Code Sections Affected:
21	AMENDS:
22	53A-3-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 399 and 415
23	53A-3-402.7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 122
24	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
25	53A-3-402.7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 122
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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28	Section 1. Section 53A-3-402 is amended to read:
29	53A-3-402. Powers and duties generally.
30	(1) Each local school board shall:
31	(a) implement the core standards for Utah public schools utilizing instructional
32	materials that best correlate to the core standards for Utah public schools and graduation
33	requirements;
34	(b) administer tests, required by the State Board of Education, which measure the
35	progress of each student, and coordinate with the state superintendent and State Board of
36	Education to assess results and create plans to improve the student's progress which shall be
37	submitted to the State Office of Education for approval;
38	(c) use progress-based assessments as part of a plan to identify schools, teachers, and
39	students that need remediation and determine the type and amount of federal, state, and local
40	resources to implement remediation;
41	(d) develop early warning systems for students or classes failing to make progress;
42	(e) work with the State Office of Education to establish a library of documented best
43	practices, consistent with state and federal regulations, for use by the local districts; and
44	(f) implement training programs for school administrators, including basic
45	management training, best practices in instructional methods, budget training, staff
46	management, managing for learning results and continuous improvement, and how to help
47	every child achieve optimal learning in basic academic subjects.
48	(2) Local school boards shall spend minimum school program funds for programs and
49	activities for which the State Board of Education has established minimum standards or rules
50	under Section 53A-1-402.
51	(3) (a) A board may purchase, sell, and make improvements on school sites, buildings
52	and equipment and construct, erect, and furnish school buildings.
53	(b) School sites or buildings may only be conveyed or sold on board resolution
54	affirmed by at least two-thirds of the members.
55	(4) (a) A board may participate in the joint construction or operation of a school
56	attended by children residing within the district and children residing in other districts either
57	within or outside the state.

(b) Any agreement for the joint operation or construction of a school shall:

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- 59 (i) be signed by the president of the board of each participating district;
- (ii) include a mutually agreed upon pro rata cost; and
 - (iii) be filed with the State Board of Education.

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- (5) A board may establish, locate, and maintain elementary, secondary, and applied technology schools.
- (6) Except as provided in Section 53A-1-1001 or Section 53A-3-402.7, a board may enroll children in school who are at least five years of age before September 2 of the year in which admission is sought.
 - (7) A board may establish and support school libraries.
 - (8) A board may collect damages for the loss, injury, or destruction of school property.
- (9) A board may authorize guidance and counseling services for children and their parents or guardians prior to, during, or following enrollment of the children in schools.
- (10) (a) A board shall administer and implement federal educational programs in accordance with Title 53A, Chapter 1, Part 9, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs Act.
- (b) Federal funds are not considered funds within the school district budget under Title 53A, Chapter 19, Public School Budgets.
- (11) (a) A board may organize school safety patrols and adopt rules under which the patrols promote student safety.
- (b) A student appointed to a safety patrol shall be at least 10 years old and have written parental consent for the appointment.
- (c) Safety patrol members may not direct vehicular traffic or be stationed in a portion of a highway intended for vehicular traffic use.
- (d) Liability may not attach to a school district, its employees, officers, or agents or to a safety patrol member, a parent of a safety patrol member, or an authorized volunteer assisting the program by virtue of the organization, maintenance, or operation of a school safety patrol.
- (12) (a) A board may on its own behalf, or on behalf of an educational institution for which the board is the direct governing body, accept private grants, loans, gifts, endowments, devises, or bequests that are made for educational purposes.
 - (b) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
 - (13) (a) A board may appoint and fix the compensation of a compliance officer to issue

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90	citations for violations of Subsection 76-10-105(2).
91	(b) A person may not be appointed to serve as a compliance officer without the
92	person's consent.
93	(c) A teacher or student may not be appointed as a compliance officer.
94	(14) A board shall adopt bylaws and rules for its own procedures.
95	(15) (a) A board shall make and enforce rules necessary for the control and
96	management of the district schools.
97	(b) All board rules and policies shall be in writing, filed, and referenced for public
98	access.
99	(16) A board may hold school on legal holidays other than Sundays.
100	(17) (a) Each board shall establish for each school year a school traffic safety
101	committee to implement this Subsection (17).
102	(b) The committee shall be composed of one representative of:
103	(i) the schools within the district;
104	(ii) the Parent Teachers' Association of the schools within the district;
105	(iii) the municipality or county;
106	(iv) state or local law enforcement; and
107	(v) state or local traffic safety engineering.
108	(c) The committee shall:
109	(i) receive suggestions from school community councils, parents, teachers, and others
110	and recommend school traffic safety improvements, boundary changes to enhance safety, and
111	school traffic safety program measures;
112	(ii) review and submit annually to the Department of Transportation and affected
113	municipalities and counties a child access routing plan for each elementary, middle, and junior
114	high school within the district;
115	(iii) consult the Utah Safety Council and the Division of Family Health Services and
116	provide training to all school children in kindergarten through grade six, within the district, on

- provide training to all school children in kindergarten through grade six, within the district, school crossing safety and use; and
- (iv) help ensure the district's compliance with rules made by the Department of Transportation under Section 41-6a-303.

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(d) The committee may establish subcommittees as needed to assist in accomplishing

its duties under Subsection (17)(c).

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- (18) (a) Each school board shall adopt and implement a comprehensive emergency response plan to prevent and combat violence in its public schools, on school grounds, on its school vehicles, and in connection with school-related activities or events.
 - (b) The plan shall:
 - (i) include prevention, intervention, and response components;
- (ii) be consistent with the student conduct and discipline policies required for school districts under Title 53A, Chapter 11, Part 9, School Discipline and Conduct Plans;
 - (iii) require inservice training for all district and school building staff on what their roles are in the emergency response plan;
 - (iv) provide for coordination with local law enforcement and other public safety representatives in preventing, intervening, and responding to violence in the areas and activities referred to in Subsection (18)(a); and
 - (v) include procedures to notify a student, to the extent practicable, who is off campus at the time of a school violence emergency because the student is:
 - (A) participating in a school-related activity; or
 - (B) excused from school for a period of time during the regular school day to participate in religious instruction at the request of the student's parent or guardian.
 - (c) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public instruction, shall develop comprehensive emergency response plan models that local school boards may use, where appropriate, to comply with Subsection (18)(a).
 - (d) Each local school board shall, by July 1 of each year, certify to the State Board of Education that its plan has been practiced at the school level and presented to and reviewed by its teachers, administrators, students, and their parents and local law enforcement and public safety representatives.
 - (19) (a) Each local school board may adopt an emergency response plan for the treatment of sports-related injuries that occur during school sports practices and events.
 - (b) The plan may be implemented by each secondary school in the district that has a sports program for students.
 - (c) The plan may:
- (i) include emergency personnel, emergency communication, and emergency

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152	equipment components;
153	(ii) require inservice training on the emergency response plan for school personnel who
154	are involved in sports programs in the district's secondary schools; and
155	(iii) provide for coordination with individuals and agency representatives who:
156	(A) are not employees of the school district; and
157	(B) would be involved in providing emergency services to students injured while
158	participating in sports events.
159	(d) The board, in collaboration with the schools referred to in Subsection (19)(b), may
160	review the plan each year and make revisions when required to improve or enhance the plan.
161	(e) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public
162	instruction, shall provide local school boards with an emergency plan response model that local
163	boards may use to comply with the requirements of this Subsection (19).
164	(20) A board shall do all other things necessary for the maintenance, prosperity, and
165	success of the schools and the promotion of education.
166	(21) (a) Before closing a school or changing the boundaries of a school, a board shall:
167	(i) hold a public hearing, as defined in Section 10-9a-103; and
168	(ii) provide public notice of the public hearing, as specified in Subsection (21)(b).
169	(b) The notice of a public hearing required under Subsection (21)(a) shall:
170	(i) indicate the:
171	(A) school or schools under consideration for closure or boundary change; and
172	(B) date, time, and location of the public hearing; and
173	(ii) at least 10 days prior to the public hearing, be:
174	(A) published:
175	(I) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
176	(II) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701; and
177	(B) posted in at least three public locations within the municipality or on the district's
178	official website.
179	(22) A board may implement a facility energy efficiency program established under
180	Title 11, Chapter 44, Performance Efficiency Act.
181	Section 2. Section 53A-3-402.7 is amended to read:
182	53A-3-402.7. Kindergartens Establishment Funding.

183	(1) Kindergartens are an integral part of the state's public education system.
184	(2) [By July 1, 1994, each] (a) A local school board [of education] shall provide
185	kindergarten classes free of charge for kindergarten children residing within the district.
186	[(3) Kindergartens] (b) A kindergarten established under Subsection (2)(a) shall
187	receive state money under [Title 53A,] Chapter 17a, Minimum School Program Act.
188	(3) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
189	and this Subsection (3), the State Board of Education shall make rules that provide for a school
190	district or charter school to enroll in kindergarten a student who is younger than five years old.
191	(b) A local school board or charter school governing board shall enroll in kindergarten
192	a child who is younger than five years old on September 2 of the year the child seeks to enroll
193	<u>if:</u>
194	(i) the child turns five on or before December 31 of the year in which the child seeks to
195	enroll in kindergarten;
196	(ii) the child's parent or legal guardian requests to enroll the child; and
197	(iii) the local school board or charter school governing board determines that the child
198	is ready for kindergarten, based on:
199	(A) the child's score on a kindergarten entry assessment; and
200	(B) other factors related to kindergarten readiness, as determined by the local school
201	board or charter school governing board, in accordance with State Board of Education rules
202	described in Subsection (3)(a).
203	(c) A local school board or charter school governing board may charge a parent or legal
204	guardian a fee to administer the assessment described in Subsection (3)(b)(iii)(A).
205	Section 3. Coordinating S.B. 163 with H.B. 42 Substantive and technical
206	amendments.
207	If this S.B. 163 and H.B. 42, Optional Enhanced Kindergarten Amendments, both pass
208	and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and
209	General Counsel shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication by amending Subsection
210	53A-3-402.7(3) to add a new Subsection (3)(d) as follows:
211	"(d) A school district or charter school shall use the kindergarten entry assessment
212	developed by the State Board of Education under Subsection 53A-17a-167(2)(c) for the
213	assessment described in Subsection (3)(b)(iii)(A)."

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel